

VOL. XXI.

THE CLOSE MAJORITY

BY WHICH THE REPUBLICANS HOLD THE HOUSE.

THE EXTRA SESSION CERTAIN

Which Discomfits the Employees of the House, Who Will Lose Eight Months' Salary.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—[Special.]—The size of the republican majority in the new session of congress has not been settled, but if they get the certificates in the two West Virginia districts, and that for Evans in the disputed Tennessee district, they will have a majority of seven. It is a most remarkable thing that at this late date the matter should still be in doubt. Most democrats, however, are ready to concede that the republicans of West Virginia will get the certificates, and that Evans will get his, but as matters now stand the republicans are only positively assured of 163 members or one majority. This is working in the minds of the republicans of the house with all the uncertainties as to the chances of death, and is more weighty than any other consideration in convincing them that there must be.

AN EXTRA SESSION. There are many other reasons advanced, each affecting a certain set of members, but this matter of organization influences them all, and even when the West Virginia certificates are no longer in dispute, and the majority is fixed at seven, a majority of them will not regard it as secure enough to admit of delaying until December. Considering the three hundred employees of the house, whose pay goes on until the opening of the fifty-first congress, are very much exercised over the loss of eight months' salary, provided the extra session commences in April.

THE POSTOFFICE BILL. The postoffice appropriation bill, which will probably come up tomorrow, proposes the following changes of salaries in Georgia: Assistant postmaster at Atlanta, salary reduced from \$2,300 to \$1,700. At Savannah, increased from \$1,500 to \$1,600. Salary superintendent money order Atlanta, reduced from \$1,700 to \$1,300. Superintendent of delivery Savannah, increased from \$1,000 to \$1,200. Superintendent mails Atlanta, increased from \$1,200 to \$1,500; Savannah, from \$1,000 to \$1,100.

The bill to establish a federal court at Augusta passed the senate today, and was sent back to the house for an agreement to the senate amendment relating it in the southern district of Georgia. The house will agree to the bill tomorrow, and it will go at once to the president.

THE AGRICULTURAL BILL. The agricultural bill has gone to the president for his signature. Several opponents to the measure have been trying to prevent the president from signing it, but he has refused to do so on the ground that it is not constitutional and creating a department for which there is no warrant in law. It was rumored in the lobby this evening that the president would send the bill to congress in a few days with his veto.

CHANDLER DID NOT TALK. Senator Bill Chandler was given an opportunity to call up his Louisiana election returns today, and thus nothing has yet been said on the floor of either house about the assassination of John M. Clayton. There is a probability of the matter coming up tomorrow, but it may be postponed until next week. It will hardly be discussed in the house before the Smalls-Elliott case is called. That has been postponed until next week.

WITH THE COMMITTEES.

How They Are Getting Along With the Work in Hand.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—At the meeting of the house committee on foreign affairs today, the Edmunds Panama resolution which was recommended to the committee was taken up on the request made by a member, that he be allowed to present a minority report. It appears that outspoken opposition to the resolution, which was confined to Mr. Russell, of Massachusetts, when the resolution was first ordered to be favorably reported, is growing more pronounced. It was Mr. Russell, of Georgia, who had prepared the minority report above referred to, and other members of the committee, impressed by arguments made by Mr. Russell and Newcomb, are showing signs of a change of heart. The committee was obliged to adjourn this morning without allowing an expression of opinion and, therefore, it was not decided whether a majority should be permitted to file a minority report, or should be compelled to take the chance of making known its views in debate on the floor of the house.

NO QUORUM OF THE WAYS AND MEANS. The ways and means committee was unable to secure a quorum this morning, so that the tariff bill could not be further considered. Conferees on the Dakota, Montana and New Mexico admission bill were in session a short time this morning and afternoon, and at 1 o'clock without having come to any agreement. Another meeting was held this afternoon, which resulted in a decision to report to the two houses that the conferees were unable to agree. It is gathered that the house representatives were likely to make concessions in the direction of admitting South Dakota, without delay, if the senate would concede the admission of New Mexico, but no agreement could be reached on this basis, and it is probable that the house conferees will ask for instructions from the house before any further steps are taken.

THE INDIAN APPROPRIATION BILL. The sub-committee in charge of the Indian appropriation bill has included in that measure some items of new legislation of first importance. One of these proposals is to create a commission of five members to negotiate with five civilized tribes of Indians for a full and complete relinquishment of their claim to the Cherokee country. The commission is also authorized to propose to the civilized tribes their admission to the union separate or as one state or territory with the understanding that the Indians shall have full rights of citizenship. Another item of legislation is to guard against the failure of the bill to divide Sioux reservation in Dakota proposes the appointment of a commission of three members to again negotiate with the Sioux for the relinquishment of a portion of their reservation.

As completed by the sub-committee the bill proposes an appropriation of \$5,419,000 which is \$26,000 less than the appropriation for the current year, exclusive of the provisions for the Cherokee claims. The estimates were \$4,324,000, but the bill carries several items not included in the regular estimates.

SENTENCED FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., February 7.—[Special.]—Miles E. Irwin, who was convicted yesterday on the charge of murdering Reuben Elliott last November, was today convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to the penitentiary for eighteen years. The murder was a brutal one, Elliott having been shot dead by Irwin for no cause whatever except a slight dispute.

STOOD THE GOVERNMENT TEST. ANNAPOLIS, Md., February 7.—The Howland steel gun was tested this afternoon at the naval proving grounds, opposite Annapolis, and stood the government test. This is the first high power steel gun made in this country that has stood the government test of 400 pounds of powder and ten rounds.

ANOTHER ALABAMA DELEGATION.

Suggesting Ex-Governor Smith for the Cabaret.

INDIANAPOLIS, February 7.—Alabama had another delegation here today, in the persons of Colonel James Jackson and Judge John A. Stevens, of Tusculum. Colonel Jackson was chairman of the Alabama delegation to the Chicago convention, the only Alabama man in that delegation, hence he enjoys the distinction of Alabama being the first state called—of being the first man to vote for the general. Mr. Stevens is a private judge of his country. They claim their visit is of a social nature, but it leaked out that they were opposing Mahone, and brought with them some strong testimonials and petitions in favor of Ex-Governor William H. Smith, of Alabama, who is represented as an able lawyer, well qualified to fill the position of attorney-general.

A POSTMASTER'S PLEA. The Alabama gentlemen were accompanied by Miss Bessie McAllister, postmistress of Florence. Her father was appointed postmaster by President Cleveland and on his death she was commissioned his successor. She has an appointment with General Harrison for tomorrow morning, presumably in behalf of her retention in office.

The unexpected arrival of Chairman John Houston from Florida today set politicians agog. It was generally understood he will remain some days longer. He had an hour's conference with the president-elect this afternoon. At the same time Colonel John C. New was taking the train for New York—on business of a personal nature, he declares. The arrival of Mr. Houston and the departure of Mr. New are both regarded as having political significance, bearing directly upon cabinet-making. Mr. New had no intention of going to Washington when he left here today.

THE ALABAMA REPUBLICANS.

The Elite Which They Will Present to General Harrison.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 7.—[Special.]—The republicans of Alabama are now preparing for the grand division of spoils after the fourth of March. At present they are somewhat divided among themselves. There are two factions in the state, namely the gentlemen's best element, and the dyed-in-the-wool fellows, and each side wants to get in the saddle. E. H. Mosley, the chairman of the state republican executive committee, has been best of the flock, and he says President Harrison is going to put that sort of men in the federal offices of Alabama. This conservative correspondent saw Mosley today, and got some interesting information from him regarding the division of spoils. He says that Harrison will appoint to office a late hour last night, and that the men who have stood to the work and fought for party principle through thick and thin. Mosley and his set have fixed up the following list of names for Harrison to consider: For collector of customs at the port of Mobile, D. B. Bernoth; for district attorney southern district, George G. Dusk; for marshal southern district, S. W. Trimble; for marshal district attorney northern district, L. W. Day; of Huntsville; for marshal northern district, M. B. Long; of Walker county; for registrar of the land office at Montgomery, Thomas J. Scott; for registrar of the land office at Huntsville, W. C. Wells; for postmaster at Mobile, J. E. Slaughter; for postmaster at Montgomery, Henry Wood. The best element faction, headed by C. W. Buckley, of Montgomery, will have some recommendations of their own and say they will break the state.

THE SANITARY CONVENTION.

The North Carolina Health Authorities in Convention.

RALPH, N. C., February 7.—[Special.]—The sanitary convention was in session until a late hour last night. Professor J. L. Ludlow, of the state university, read a valuable paper upon the drinking water of towns. The session was resumed this morning. A valuable paper was read by Professor J. L. Ludlow, on the disposal of refuse and garbage in the interest of sanitation. Various modes of burning, freezing, electricity, distillation, filtering, precipitation and irrigation were discussed. The paper treated at length on the matter of the disposal of garbage. At the conclusion of Professor Ludlow's paper, the conference adjourned until this morning. Dr. Eugene Grissom, of Raleigh, spoke of the effect of sewage upon the cattle crops. It was stated by Professor Ludlow that such sewage is not injurious to the cattle, but that it is injurious to the human system. Dr. F. F. Wood read a paper on the disposal of sewage, and Dr. Tucker a paper on the duties and responsibilities of superintendents of health.

A BULLET THROUGH HIS HEAD.

Suicide of Governor Lee's Private Secretary Yesterday Morning.

RICHMOND, Va., February 7.—Captain J. E. Waller, Governor Lee's private secretary, committed suicide this morning by putting a bullet through his head. About 4 o'clock yesterday, the elevator man, knowing that Captain Waller was in his office, reported to him that the governor was about to make his last trip. The elevator man in the office, but did not see the captain. His hat and overcoat were on a chair, and the door was locked. Thinking that Captain Waller was attending to important business in the governor's office, he concluded not to interrupt him.

About 5 o'clock the deceased called up his friend, William Daniel, by telephone and asked him if he could come up to the office, as he wanted to see him on important business. Daniel told him he could not come just then. Captain Waller then said: "All right; I will see you at supper." This was the last heard of him alive. The governor assigned no reason for the terrible act. The deceased left nothing to indicate what caused him to commit the deed. It is thought by friends that the act was the result of a love affair. He was known to be subject to periods of melancholy.

STUCK IN THE SNOW.

Railroad Trains Having a Hard Time in the North.

OSWEGO, N. Y., February 7.—The blizzard is over throughout northern New York and trains resumed running, but are having a hard time. All trains on the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg road were abandoned last night, and one passenger train was all night in the snow between Oswego and Pulaski.

CHATTANOOGA, February 7.—Although the snow and wind storm has abated, the delay to trains still continue. A train from Toronto over the Grand Trunk railway due here this morning, is stuck in a drift, and the passengers are footed to a neighborhood in search of food.

And Still No Election.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., February 7.—Two ballots were taken today in joint assembly for United States senators, which resulted: Goff 40, Keene 39, Gosham & ex-Senator Herford, Governor E. Wilson and J. E. Preston one each.

Republicans in the matter of the report for state office today became indignant and left the joint assembly, leaving the Senate without a quorum.

Shocks in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 7.—Light earthquake shocks, occurring at 9:30 last night, reported from Los Angeles and San Bernardino. At Cotton, Cal., two distinct shocks were felt. No damage done.

SEWALL'S STORY

OF GERMAN OUTRAGES ON THE SAMOA ISLANDS.

THE CONSUL ASKED TO RESIGN

But Before Doing So, He Tells All About the Affairs—How Bayard's Instructions Aided the Germans.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—This morning Harold M. Sewall, consul-general to the Samoan islands, received notification from the state department that his resignation would be acceptable, on the ground that his views were not in harmony with those of the administration.

An Associated Press reporter called this afternoon upon Mr. Sewall and asked for a statement of the reasons given by the state department in its request that he should tender his resignation as consul general to Samoa. Mr. Sewall in reply said:

"The reason given in the letter asking my resignation is a disagreement of my expressed views with the views entertained by the state department in regard to Samoan affairs. This, I suppose, to the testimony I have given before the senate committee on foreign relations, and which has not yet been published. No disapproval of my conduct in Samoa as consul general so far as I know, and indeed, it will appear from the communication sent to congress in regard to the situation of affairs in Samoa, that the department wrote me, commending my conduct in the 'trying and delicate position,' as it was styled, in which I was placed during the deposition of Mahone, at the time of the conference of the powers.

Only two months ago, when I requested that my leave of absence be extended, the request was denied for the reason as stated, that the situation of affairs in Samoa rendered my presence there imperative. As is well known, I was on my way to my post when summoned to Washington to testify before the foreign relations committee. Last Thursday I was discharged by the committee, and affairs in Samoa being in a most critical condition, I immediately arranged to return to Samoa. No intimation was given me that I should not be allowed to do so until within a few hours of my intended departure. When I was notified to remain here, the purpose was obvious. My services were needed immediately, if at all. Another steamer would not sail until March 1st, and I was the only person who could remain until after the incoming of the next administration, upon which, as is known, I have not the slightest claim to political recognition."

Referring to the letter before the senate committee Mr. Sewall said:

"I was under oath to tell all I knew of affairs and to withhold nothing. The views I expressed on the situation and the remedy necessary were given before the senate committee. It was not for me to consider whether these views agreed with Mr. Bayard or not. I do know, however, that my views coincide with those of all honorable men who consider the matter any thought, the state department excepted, for which I cannot speak."

"That are those views?"

"I believe," said Mr. Sewall, with deliberation, "that the deposition of Mahone was determined upon before the conference of the three powers began, and that it was the German intention to carry out the policy it had decided upon."

REGARDS OF THAT CONFERENCE.

"The purpose of Germany is to secure control of Samoa in defiance of the solemn and repeated assurances it has given to our government. Furthermore, I believe that Lord Salisbury is a party to the violation of the Hawaiian Islands. Samoa is only a precursor of an Anglo-German attempt to secure supremacy in the Hawaiian Islands."

Mr. Sewall expressed the opinion that the German ultimatum, which the Samoan waters will accomplish nothing, because he has no orders beyond what had previously been given to Commanders Leary and Mullan, who were instructed to maintain the status quo. He thought should be done, Mr. Sewall said:

"I believe, with Secretary Whitney, that a definite policy should be adopted in Samoa. To send the German ultimatum, which the Samoan waters will accomplish nothing, because he has no orders beyond what had previously been given to Commanders Leary and Mullan, who were instructed to maintain the status quo. He thought should be done, Mr. Sewall said:

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As a representative of the government to which our citizens looked for protection, I was forced to see

INDIGNITIES INFLICTED UPON THEM. Their property seized and their trade destroyed. I had no power whatever to give them redress."

Mr. Sewall said that the Germans had declared martial law in Samoa previous to the recent occasion, having done so without notice to the Americans, when war was declared against Mahone and at that time gross insults were offered to the American flag.

"Were my regret," said Sewall, "at the loss of our prestige in the Pacific by our submission to German aggression in Samoa, the means of my loss, and the means of my loss, could await patiently the publication of my testimony and the certain results of an aroused and intelligent public opinion. But such is not the case."

LASTING CHAGRIN AND SORROW. misled by Mr. Bayard and acting under his instructions, I misled the weak and suffering Samoans into fresh misfortunes. Upon Mr. Bayard and myself, as an innocent instrument obeying his instructions, must rest, in a large measure, the grievous responsibility for the distress which now threatens the very existence of the Samoan people. When I arrived in Samoa the insurrection of Tamaesofo, fostered by German officials for purposes now made plain, was in progress. I was then a helpless spectator. He was, repeatedly held back by our representatives from asserting his authority, had determined to tolerate the situation longer. At this juncture, the day after I arrived, I received instructions, of which the purport was that I should restrain Mahone and I did so, giving him to understand, as Mr. Bayard's letter gave me to understand, that neither he nor his people would be allowed to suffer from following the advice I gave him in the name of our government. Mahone yielded at my solicitations and our national honor was threatened as if by a treaty power we would insist upon our treaty rights to

THE INDEPENDENT EXISTENCE OF SAMOA. "As events have shown, I could not better have served the German purpose than by this mission of mine to Mahone. As a matter of fact, public documents before congress show that instructions, in obedience to which I acted on this occasion, were sent me at the instigation of the German and English consuls. Less than a month German ships arrived, Mahone and his chiefs were deported, a man whose life I had saved by my intervention was installed in his place, pitiless persecution began against Samoans suspected of friendship for our flag, and German control as effectually established as under open annexation. Having restrained the Samoans when they could have destroyed Tamaesofo, and with his destruction the basis for German interference laid, this latter he used his people would be during the remainder of my service. I urged finally, when the truth was known, our prom-

ises to them would be fulfilled and our honor saved, the result of my mission was the conference when I gave Mahone a such fatal advice. In justice to myself, in the hope of securing it for these wretched people, I speak as I do."

Mr. Sewall said that when preparing recently to return to Samoa, after being released from attendance upon the senate committee, he submitted a resignation from Secretary Bayard, but that the instructions he received were "a copy of an apologetic note to the German consul, on account of an alleged newspaper interview with me and fresh assurances from Germany."

THE NEW CONFERENCE. As to the new conference, which has been agreed upon, Mr. Sewall said:

"I concur with every one who has studied the question that the restoration of the status quo should be preliminary to any negotiation and that this conference shall be renewed under conditions at least as favorable to us as which it was lately interrupted by Germany's action."

Great Britain Willing.

BERLIN, February 7.—It is stated that the government will accede to the demand of the bi-metallists and co-operate with England in the event of that country initiating proposals to establish a silver standard.

ANOTHER ALABAMA BOOM.

A Party of Boston Capitalists Purchase a Large Tract of Land.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., February 7.—An combination of Boston and Kansas City capitalists have purchased thirty-two thousand acres of land in the vicinity of Fort Payne, Ala., fifty miles from this city, and have organized the Fort Payne Coal and Iron company. A party of seventy-five persons arrived at Fort Payne from Boston yesterday. They are well pleased with the property and will at once commence improvements on an extensive scale. The gentlemen composing the company are said to control unlimited capital and to have already over one million dollars in the treasury of the company. The contemplated improvements include developments of large iron ore and coal fields, the building of furnaces, ovens, pottery and clay works. The establishment of a national bank, etc.

Fort Payne is at present but a village of transient industries, located on the Alabama and Great Southern railroads, which compose the company.

At the head of the Fort Payne enterprise are ex-Governor Sevier Connor, of Maine; Governor D. H. Goodell, of New Hampshire; and J. P. Price, president of the Union Trust company of Kansas City, and Hon. J. W. Spaulding, of Portland, Me.

There is now being organized a company in Boston to purchase an immense tract of land in this city, including the coal fields, and the mountains adjacent. The purchase price exceeds a million dollars and the tract of land fronts this city on the north and west side of the city. It is estimated that the tract contains five thousand acres of land and including ten miles of river frontage. The transaction will be consummated on March first.

A COLORED APPEAL.

To the White People for Justice and Protection.

CHARLESTON, S. C., February 7.—[Special.]—The conference of the African church has just adjourned at Georgetown. One of the last acts of the conference was the adoption of a resolution expressing sorrow and regret at the fact of the race trouble throughout the south. The resolution says:

"We are deeply sensible of the difficulties of the colored race in this country, and hence we earnestly admonish our own people to be discreet and forbearing in all cases, but at the same time we urge our white fellow citizens to recognize the obligations which are imposed upon them by the law of righteousness, as well as the laws of the land to accord to the colored people in their midst the due measure of justice and security of person and property due all alike. Furthermore, we urge the colored people to be true to the whole country that it should be no longer silent on these matters. God has shut us up in this land to the consideration of our present and future history in America is not of our own selection. It is clearly Providential, and hence we claim for ourselves the right to be true to the cause of liberty and protection under the law."

At a meeting given to the bishop here last night, Bishop Arnet delivered an address in which he said:

Ever since the proclamation of freedom our people have been going to the work, leaving their homes, leaving their families, leaving their homes, standing on the corner of the corner, and some to the penitentiary. Let us tell the people there is prosperity on the farm as well as in the city.

THE GRAVE CHARGE.

Brought Against one of the Teachers in the Peabody Normal School.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., February 7.—[Special.]—One of the most painful incidents in the history of the Peabody Normal college occurred this week. Tuesday morning one of the scholars, P. C. Geer, of it county, Ala., died of congestion. His funeral occurred that afternoon, and a room-mate, Mr. Melton, was detailed to attend the remains to the home of the deceased. Yesterday the body of the scholar was taken to the college and the college was closed to see written on the walls of the main entrance to the college building some very sensational charges. The writing was done with a black ink, and among other things, alleged that the death of Geer was due to the action of one of his teachers, who it was charged, ordered him to report on the college while sick. The writing was ordered painted out at once, but before it had been seen and copied by students. It is needless to say that it created a sensation, and that the college was closed to see written on the walls of the main entrance to the college building some very sensational charges. The writing was done with a black ink, and among other things, alleged that the death of Geer was due to the action of one of his teachers, who it was charged, ordered him to report on the college while sick. The writing was ordered painted out at once, but before it had been seen and copied by students. It is needless to say that it created a sensation, and that the college was closed to see written on the walls of the main entrance to the college building some very sensational charges. The writing was done with a black ink, and among other things, alleged that the death of Geer was due to the action of one of his teachers, who it was charged, ordered him to report on the college while sick. The writing was ordered painted out at once, but before it had been seen and copied by students. 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MCKEE-MOORE.

A BRILLIANT WEDDING IN ATLANTA LAST NIGHT.

SOME NEW AND PRETTY FEATURES.

The wedding of Mr. Hugh McKee and Miss Jessie Moore, which was solemnized at the First Presbyterian Church last evening, was one of the most brilliant ever seen in Atlanta—Other Society News.

For weeks the McKee-Moore wedding has been the social event in which society has been most interested, and when it took place last evening it was considered one of the most beautiful and unique weddings ever seen in this city.

The church was richly decorated in palms, ferns and flowers, and a large "M" formed of gas jets in opaque globes was the center decoration of the chancel.

The bride and groom walked up the aisle to the wedding march most beautifully played by Professor Sumner Salter. The bride and groom were escorted by the bridesmaids and groomsmen. The bridesmaids were Miss Clara Sanders, Miss Julia Sanders, Miss Nora May of Knoxville, Miss Mary Marsh, Miss Adelaide Adair, Miss Annie Bass, Miss Della Dougherty and Miss Maggie Berry.

The bridesmaids were of white crepe de chine made with graceful Greek draperies falling from the shoulder. A silver choker containing the back draperies was fastened to one side in front. The bridesmaids wore white, but silver bands were clasped about the arms, and the hair, worn in Greek knots, was crowned by silver fillets. Silver shoes and large bouquets of white roses and maiden hair ferns completed these beautiful costumes.

The groomsmen's costumes consisted of white canopies given by the bride.

The groomsmen were Mr. W. L. Moore, Mr. Frank J. Hoyle, of Knoxville, Mr. Joseph Edmonds, Mr. Charles W. Crankshaw, Mr. Lewis Redwine, Mr. William H. Inman, Mr. Daniel Grant and Mr. James W. English, Jr.

Mr. McKee walked down the right aisle with Mrs. Ernest Woodruff, the mother of the bride, and Miss Moore came to the altar on the arm of her brother, Mr. W. L. Moore, walking down the aisle at the left side of the church.

A fairer and more beautifully dressed young bride was never seen. She wore a white, royal silk gown with an immense court train. The side draperies were of duchesse and point lace, and the front of the bodice was cut slightly V and folds of silk lace edged, came from the shoulders diagonally to the waist where they were covered by a soft, silken knotted sash. White undressed kid gloves, reaching to the elbow sleeves, white undressed kid slippers, and an illusion veil, edged with point lace, completed the costume, the veil being caught with a crescent of sapphires and diamonds, and a present from the groom. The only other jewels were a pair of magnificent solitaire diamond earrings, from her mother. She carried a large bouquet of white roses and maidenhair ferns.

The bride and groom were married by Rev. Dr. Barnett, who performed the marriage service with graceful eloquence, the marriage ring being used to plight their troth.

After the ceremony the bride and groom, a number of guests were invited to the home of the bride, where an elegant reception was given. The balconies were enclosed and tastefully hung with gray moss and ivy. The handsome parlors had the mantle banked with rich foliage, and the two alcoves on either side of the mantel in the sitting room were filled with ferns and calla lilies. In the library the presents were displayed, and were numerous and elegant, the room being fairly dazzling with its brilliant array of silver, china and cut glass. The supper room presented a beautiful picture with its unique and elegant decorations. The handsome sideboard at one end was tawined with smilax and ivy, and entirely covered with fruit in beautiful designs.

The center piece of the supper table was a design called The Temple of Flora. The base of this design was composed of fruits and flowers, the pillars were hung with mangle grapes, and on the top of each was a bunch of rare flowers. The arches were twined with smilax, and from the center was hung a snow white cloth, the emblem of peace and love. Two bride cakes, each in a box of silver and gold, were placed on the table. The cakes were decorated with flowers, other handsome cakes and cut glass dishes of Huyler's candy. This beautiful table was illuminated by the chandeliers above and myriads of colored candles with shades to match and in brass candlesticks.

At 12 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. McKee left for Cuba, where they will spend their honeymoon.

No young people could begin life together with brighter prospects than Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McKee. The bride is a young lady of a social position, and a noble and womanly character, and is endowed with a brilliant mind. She is universally beloved and admired.

Mr. McKee is a young man of fine ability in the business world, and has already made his life an assured success. He is a devoted and true, strong manhood have made him many friends and admirers among people whose friendship is worth winning.

Major Gordon, of New Decatur, Ala., who has been spending several days at Mr. Vinton's, on Marietta street, left for his home yesterday.

Miss Carrie Crane is visiting friends in Augusta.

Mrs. Albert Foster and Miss Mann, of Madison, are in the city and will spend a month at Mrs. Vinton's, on Marietta street. Mrs. Foster and Miss Mann are two of the most charming and cultured ladies and have a large circle of friends in Atlanta.

Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Barksdale, of Washington, Ga., are in Atlanta at the Talmadge House.

Miss Binnie Trimble, of Hixsonville, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. E. G. Thomas at No. 26 Currier street.

Mr. W. E. McCulla, of Conyers, was in the city yesterday.

A good appetite usually indicates good health. Hood's Sarsaparilla creates and sharpens the appetite and tones the digestive organs. It cures dyspepsia and sick headache.

Opening of Providence Infirmary.

The undersigned executive committee charged with the administration of the Providence infirmary, located at the corner of Edgewood avenue and Ivy street, announce that it is now open for reception of patients, being fitted up in all respects as a first class private hospital.

The institution is prepared to accommodate male and female patients, in separate departments, including children and lying-in women, and has all the appliances for comfort and convenience.

The building has been completely remodelled and entirely refurnished, the outfit of the apartments being tasteful and elegant, and competent nurses attend to all wants of the sick. Every variety of cases not contagious or insane receives appropriate treatment in the surgical, medical, gynecological and obstetrical departments under the care of a professional staff, composed of Drs. T. S. Powell, W. D. Bizzell, A. G. Hobbs and W. S. Elkins, together with the undersigned. One of this staff will be in daily attendance at the infirmary to meet all the requirements of the sick.

Communications may be addressed to any member of the staff, or to the Providence infirmary directly.

G. G. ROY, M. D.,
J. MCF. GASTON, M. D.,
Wm. PERRIN NICHOLSON, M. D.,
Executive Committee.

Atlanta, Ga., January 20th, 1889.
Jan 20 1889

It is no talking; the Dog's Head cigar is the best 5 cent smoke on the market. All who have tried them say so. fri wed mon

About Ben Hopkins.

Mr. B. H. Hopkins, who was very well known in Atlanta as the efficient and obliging agent of the East Tennessee road, has been appointed passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville for the state of Florida. His headquarters will be at No. 2 West Bay street, Jacksonville, Fla., and any of his Atlanta friends who may call on him in his new quarters will receive a hearty welcome.

IN THE COURTS.

Grand Jurors Drawn for the Spring Term.

The next grand jury that will investigate the affairs of Fulton county has been drawn. Thirty citizens good and true. At least, that is what the people of the county hope and believe.

Appended is the list, published so that all may know who they are:

Clarence Angier, Livingston Mims, Edward S. McCandless, William E. Treadwell, David W. Pope, Frank P. Rice, William F. Everett, Julius M. Alexander, Walter S. Bell, Willis E. Bacon, Angus Morrison, Thomas H. Kennedy, J. G. Throver, Frank G. Hancock, George H. Holliday, J. S. Raines, William C. Sanders, James H. Nunnally, Francis M. Kennedy, Preston H. Miller, William A. Woodbury, David H. Dougherty, Thomas F. Key, James J. Barnes, George Musgrave, Measlin, Joseph H. Fingersh, H. Leake, Andrew J. Harper, Humphries Castleman.

Suits Filed.

In superior court yesterday, Mrs. M. M. Anderson filed a petition for divorce from her husband, L. B. Anderson.

She alleges that they were married in 1870 and lived together until 1885. Her husband was a habitual drunkard, she charges, and subjected her to much cruel treatment.

A. H. Locke brings suit in city court for \$200 damages against S. D. Howland, whom he alleges, swiped him a large horse for a small horse and \$175 to boot, on December 6th. The big horse was guaranteed as sound, but it soon developed that he was not well, and Locke thinks he has glanders, hence the suit.

W. R. Smith brings suit against the Georgia Railroad company for \$200 damages. The suit is grounded on the allegation that the company shipped a train load of six horses and twenty mules to Covington in December. The animals were carried on to Augusta and kept several days without food or water, and that is why the consignor wants damages.

Manning's Bail.

Judge Manning made a sweeping haul of burglars and their accessories yesterday. Ten were sent to jail.

This is the gang arrested for burglarizing John O'Neil's store on February 5.

Bob Mobley, Smith Early, Ermie Thomas, Flynn Dawdley, William Pittman and Scott Gay were sent to jail in default of \$500 bail each, charged with burglary.

Laura Thomas, Tula Thomas, Katie Marks and Mattie Dowdy were sent up in default of \$150 each for receiving stolen goods.

"I think I have broken up the den of thieves," remarked Judge Manning, as he made out the last commitment. "They stole about \$100 worth of goods and proceeded to divide them up. They are a hard lot, anyway, and ought to have been sent up long ago."

Return Day.

Next Tuesday is return day for the superior court and supreme court.

Only eight cases go up to the supreme court, the smallest number ever known.

Captain George Forbes has been very busily engaged in getting them in shape for the return day, and has succeeded in getting everything in readiness.

Defaulting Taxpayers.

Yesterday Sheriff Thomas began levying on property of defaulting taxpayers.

He will continue the work.

A clean sweep will be made, and all those who have postponed this important duty to their country will do so at a considerable increase in expense.

Next Sunday a notice to the effect that the sheriff means to have the cash at all hazards will appear in bold and startling type in the big CONSTITUTION.

There are quite a large number of these citizens who have neglected to pay their dues, and it will take some time to go through it. Tax Collector Boynton says that Comptroller General Wright will not relieve him until the taxes are collected for 1888, so he has turned the fi. fa. over to the sheriff.

Call of the Doctor.

Judge Marshall J. Clarke has gone down to southwest Georgia to visit his old home and his brother, John T. Clarke, of the Southwest circuit.

Ordinary Calhoun has been very busy during the last few days filling out blanks for Confederate veterans who are entitled to money donated by the state for the purchase of artificial limbs. A large number of applications are being filed.

THE COMMENCEMENT SERMON.

Of the University of Georgia to be Preached by Rev. R. S. Barrett.

Chancellor W. E. Boggs, of the University of Georgia, has addressed a letter to the Rev. Robert S. Barrett, rector of St. Luke's church, inviting him to deliver the commencement sermon before the university, on the 16th day of next June.

It will be remembered that the time of holding the commencement exercises has been changed from July to June.

Rev. Mr. Barrett replied as follows:

ATLANTA, Ga., February 6, 1889.—Reverend and Dear Brother: Your very kind letter has just been received, for which please accept my cordial thanks.

Be sure I deeply appreciate the honor of being asked to preach the commencement sermon before your honorable university.

It gives me very great pleasure to accept the invitation.

As I do not sail for Europe until the 20th of June, I shall have ample time to reach New June 1st, and will be present on the 16th.

With best wishes for your happiness and success in your new station of honor and responsibility, I am, very sincerely, Yours,

Rev. Wm. E. Boggs, D. D., Chancellor of the University of Georgia.

The greatest good to the greatest number. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Take no other.

The Result of Merit.

When anything stands a test of fifty years among a discriminating people, it is pretty good evidence that there is merit somewhere. Few, if any, medicines have met with such continued success and popularity as has marked the progress of Brandreth's Pills, which, after a trial of over fifty years, are conceded to be the safest and most effective blood purifier, tonic and alterative ever introduced to the public.

That is the result of merit, and that Brandreth's Pills perform all that is claimed for them, is conclusively proved by the fact that those who regard them with the greatest favor are those who have used them the longest.

Is Marriage a Failure?

The great question that is now agitating the minds of the American people, illustrated. Price 15 cents. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street.

Theatrical and Sporting News.

For the latest and best theatrical and sporting news, read the New York Dramatic News and Sporting Age. For sale at John Miller's, under opera house.

TYPE WRITING.

And Stenographic Business—All Kinds of Work Promptly Executed.

Messrs. Crankshaw & Johnson, who are expert stenographers and type writers, have opened an office at 21 Marietta street. They will do all kinds of stenographer's work, type writing, copying, etc. Office correspondence a specialty. If you need anything in this line give them a call.

Is Marriage a Failure?

An original correspondence with forty studies from nature. Price 15 cents at John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta street.

Papa, did you bring mama Tyner's Neuralgia Pills? Harry back and get them. Everybody says they will cure her.

Persons afflicted with a desire to smoke a good cigar should not forget the Grand Republic Cigars and Buffos. Sold by all reliable dealers.

Meeting of the citizens of West End will be held at the Academy Friday at 7:30 p. m. Matters of great interest to West End.

SHAD.

This is shad week, wholesale and retail. Send orders. H. E. Emery.

The best smoke in the world for 5 cents—the Dog's Head cigar. Mild, fragrant and pleasant. Try them today. fri wed mon

Seidenberg & Co.'s
Best 5c Cigar. C. O. Tyner.

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STILSON, JEWELER, 55 WHITEHALL ST. Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing. Bottom Prices.

CANDY

All the New Novelties manufactured daily at Nunnally's, 36 Whitehall street.

FOR THE DOOME, USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL BRIDAL PRESENTS

See our Elegant Assortment of Artists' and "REMARQUE"

Enchings and Steel Engravings

No finer subjects can be found in this country. We have them at from \$20 to \$75 each. We also have ready 50 subjects in Artotype Engravings, Photographs, Photo etc., that we are selling out at from 50c to \$4.00—about one-half the usual price. Before selecting presents examine our stock.

Picture Frames Made to Order.

We lead in the manufacture of Picture Frames. The largest stock of all the Latest Novelties in MOULDINGS.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS!

ARTISTS will do well to have their Crayon and Canvas stretched made by us. We have a first-class stock of Artists' materials at a big bargain. Offer special inducements in the way of discount etc. Out of town artists will do well by writing to price lists, discounts, etc.

Thornton & Grubb,
ART DEALERS, 28 WHITEHALL ST.

FISH

Greater reduction. We are determined to sell Fish cheaper than anybody. Red Snapper, retail, 6c per pound. Mullet, 5c. Other Fish in proportion. Oysters cheap.

E. F. DONEHOO & CO.
No. 9, East Alabama street
7p un fol

RECEIVER'S SALE AT AUCTION

43 Decatur Street,
Commencing 10 a. m.,
Saturday, February 9,
I will sell at auction to the highest bidder the entire stock of goods of Selig Bros. & Co., consisting of jeans pants, manufactured and in process of manufacturing, jeans, cassimeres, and other piece goods, shirts, drawers, overalls, etc. Also, a gas engine, sewing machines, safe, office and store fixtures. The goods will be sold in job lots. Goods open for inspection Friday. ISAAC H. HAAS, Receiver.

WHERE TO BUY

Fresh Groceries—Fancy Butter a Specialty—Fancy Flour.

It is a rare occasion that after the busy rush of winter holidays that January's trade in any line is good, but we will state that since January 1st business has been brisk, each day bringing new faces, and increased orders from our daily customers, hence our business during the past thirty days has been more than we expected. We wish to increase our credit patronage, and will extend thirty days time from the 1st of each month to responsible, prompt paying customers. We will give you the freshest goods in Atlanta. Our patronage is of such magnitude as to necessitate daily orders ourselves for fresh goods of all kinds from the manufacturers.

During this week we will offer fancy white Saratoga chips, new pickles of all kinds, also a fine line of new process crackers. We believe we have the finest, crisp and palatable crackers to be had in Atlanta, which same can only be found at our store. We will also receive another carload of that best of all flour, the "Regal Patent," unexcelled for richness of flavor and purity. It is undoubtedly the highest grade flour sold in Atlanta, and one trial will convince you that it is equal to none.

Good bread is a requisite of good bread, or biscuit. If you will come to our store we will show you the purest, whitest loaf made. It is the finest, highest grade in the world. Try one and be convinced. We put it up in fifty cent and one dollar cans. We have just received another invoice of that A. & M. C. butter. If you want a fancy butter, our store is the place to get it. We have also received an invoice of that extra quality, large grain head rice, Charleston head rice, the best to be found in Atlanta. Be sure and come down to our store and see our new stock of fancy canned fruits. Commencing Monday morning, we will mark down these large 25 cents per pound prunes to 17 1/2 cents. Parties who will bring us proper credentials, we will extend thirty days time to, and give them fresher, better goods, and save them twenty per cent. Hoyt & Thorn, 39 Whitehall st. feb 5-dfr

Remember always that labor is one of the conditions of our existence, and when you want a little relaxation smoke Grand Republic Cigars and Buffos. Sold by all reliable dealers.

Seidenberg & Co.'s
Best 5c Cigar. C. O. Tyner.

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WINTER SUITS
—AND—
UNDERWEAR
—AT—
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
Don't fail to inspect my stock.
GEORGE MUSE,
38 Whitehall Street.

On account of improvements to be made, both on the inside and front of our store, we have only two weeks in which to reduce our stock, as by that time the contractor must take possession. We shall therefore make such low prices throughout as will enable us to easily accomplish our object, and at the same time to offer splendid opportunities to those in need of anything in either Clothing or Furnishings,
A. ROSENFELD & SON, 24 Whitehall Street, Cor. Alabama

Bluthenthal & Bickart, B. & B.,

Wholesale Liquors and Direct Importers,
46 and 48 Marietta street. Telephone 378.
80 South Forsyth street.

GET OUR PRICES.

JOSEPH THOMPSON,
21 and 23 Decatur St.

(Successor to Cox, Hill & Thompson.)
—DEALER IN—

FINE WHISKIES, WINES, BEER, Etc.

Sole Agent for Acme Whiskies.

DISTILLER OF STONE MOUNTAIN CORN WHISKY
Just received a car load of Arcadian water and Ginger Ale from Waukesha. Telephone 48.

D. S. PAUL **<PIPE AND FITTINGS!>** **H. C. GULLATT.**

PAUL & GULLATT,
Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKERS,

22 N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Agents for Warner's Passenger and Freight Hydraulic Elevators, Hall's Duplex Steam Pump, The Duplex Steam Heater, Dealers in Water Closets, Bath Tubs, Wrought Iron Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods, Rubber House and General Plumber's Supplies. Write for prices.

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FORWELL ST.—New 7 room frame residence, complete, one block from downtown line on south Pryor street, this side of Georgia avenue; to be sold at once.

IRA ST.—2 story frame dwelling, new, complete, large lot fronting two streets, in excellent neighborhood; must be sold quickly and terms will be liberal.

\$700 cash for a high level Hill street lot 50x174 feet, east front facing to Ravenna street.

\$1,500 for 6 North Bell street residence, on line lot, near Baptist church.

\$700 each for 3 beautiful vacant lots on Georgia avenue, a few hundred feet from Pryor street, and on the corner of Georgia and Peachtree streets, above the street, and are great bargains. Terms easy.

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\$2,500 for new 8 room house on Georgia avenue and Dumfries lane; 10x150 feet. Terms, \$500 cash, balance 2 years, 8 percent.

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